THE COLUMBIAN MIRROR
AND
ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE.

Four Dollars per Ann.] SATURDAY, JUNE 25, 1796. [Vol. IV.---No. 503

☞ VENDUE.

ON TUESDAY and FRIDAY, in every week, at 10 o'clock in the morning, will be expoſed for ſale at the Vendue Store (corner of Prince and Water ſtreets)

A VARIETY OF

WET & DRY GOODS.

Of which the particulars will be given previous to the ſale.

The VENDUE MASTERS will always keep the Store open for the reception of GOODS, and ſelling of ſuch articles therein between the times of public ſales as may be on limitation. They likewiſe offer their ſervices in tranſacting any kind of Commiſſion Buſineſs.

MARSTELLER & SONS.

April 5th, 1796.

Valuable Lots for ſale.

On WEDNESDAY the 29th inſtant, at 3 o'clock in the Afternoon, will be ſold by public Vendue on the Premiſſes,

That valuable Lot or Piece of Ground,

Fronting on Prince and Waſhington Streets, and bounded on thn Eaſt by the poſſeſſions of Mr John Stuard, containing near one-half of an acre. The ground is pleaſantly ſituated, the title indiſputable, and Prince-ſtreet, on which it fronts, one of the beſt ſtreets to the town. It will be ſold, ſubject to a ground-rent of 12l. 3s. per annum, for ever. The rent due in November next, which the purchaſer is to pay. One-fourth of the purchaſe-money to be paid in ſix days after the ſale, at which time an indiſputable title will be given; one-fourth in three months; one-fourth in ſix months; and one-fourth in nine months. Notes negotiable in the Bank of Alexandria to be given.

MARSTELLER & SONS.

June 23.

For Philadelphia.

THE SCHOONER

Dolphin,

CHALES POTTER, MASTER.

She will ſail in a few days, as ſhe has all her cargo engaged. She ſails faſt and has good accommodations for paſſengers—apply to the maſter on board at Harper's Wharf.

Lots for Sale.

Will be offered for ſale, on Saturday, June the 25th, at three o'clock in the afternoon, SEVERAL LOTS OF GROUND ON DUKE AND ROYAL-STREETS, on a credit of 90 and 120 Days. Notes negociable in the Bank of Alexandria will be expected, and a plat of the Lots ſhewn on the premiſſes by

NATHANIEL HUNTER.

June 23.

For Sale.

A NEAT FARM near the town of Leeſburg in the county of Loudoun, containing 160 acres; a great proportion of this land is meadow; four ſprings of excellent water and a conſtant ſtream called Tuſkarora running through the whole of the bottom. There is a Mill-ſeat on the premiſſes, a ſmall log Dwelling-houſe, a barn, and three hay barracks. Poſſeſſion may be had immediately if required. Property in Alexandria will be taken in payment if agreeable to the parties.—For further particulars apply to Mr. John Jenney, Merchant, Alexandria; or Samuel Murrey, Leeſburg.

June 23.

For Sale,

On a credit of three and ſix months,

THE Houſe and Lot on King ſtreet, at preſent occupied by Meſſrs. Robert Patton and Charles Scott. Apply to

AUG. J. SMITH.

June 16. epts.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS we received a Note of Mr. Baldwin Dade's, given to Mr. John Taliferro for 120 dollars, which note has been duly paid by Mr. Dade.—And, as we have loſt or miſlaid ſaid note, we caution all perſons from taking it, and requeſt that, if found, it may be returned to Mr, Dade, or

R. PATTON and C. SCOTT.

June 23.

Daniel N. Robinſon,

DRUGGIST,

In Fairfax ſtreet, oppoſite to B. Hampſon's ſtore,

HAS juſt opened a large and general aſſortment of freſh

Drugs and Medicines,

which he offers for ſale at the moſt reduced prices.

☞ Medicine Cheſts for ſhipping and for private families, with proper directions, put up in the neateſt manner and at a ſhort notice.

June 16. 6w2aw.

Jamaica Rum, Sugar, and Coffee,

Entitled to the Drawback,

ALSO

Liverpool Salt,

For Sale by

FLETCHER & OTWAY.

June 21.

BRICKS FOR SALE.

THE ſubſcriber would diſpoſe of FOUR KILNS OF BRICKS of very ſuperior quality, lately burnt at the place called Bellvoir on Potomac, and containing about 200,000. The Purchaſer may take them as they ſtand, at 6 doll. per thouſand, payable part in Caſh, and part in Notes negotiable at the Bank of Alexandria. Apply to Mr. Francis Peyton, or to

FERDINANDO FAIRFAX.

June 21.

Spaniſh Hides.

980 of the firſt quality Spaniſh Hides, for ſale by

Wm. MENDINHALL.

June 14.

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBER, At his ſtore on Harper's Wharf,

French Brandy in Pipes

or barrels; Jamaica ſpirits in hhds. or bbls. ſeveral hundred gallons New England rum; whiſkey in tierces or barrels; claret wine in tierces; excellent port wine in pipes or ſmaller quantities; Malaga and Liſbon wines in pipes or quarter caſks; hyſon, hyſon ſkin and other teas; loaf ſugar by the barrel or loaf; moiſt do. of different qualities, by the hhd. or barrel; St. Ube's ſalt, any quantity above 3 buſhels at 4/3 per do. under, 4/6; Liverpool ſalt in bags, as imported at 22s. per ſack; do. by the buſhel 4/6; excellent cured herrings at five dollars per barrel. Purchaſers, by applying, will find it to their advantage, as I am determined to ſell on reaſonable terms.

ROBERT HENDERSON.

City of Waſhington, May 14, 1796.

THE Commiſſioners give notice, that under the direction of the Preſident of the United States, they will immediately proceed to the ſale of the lots in the ſaid city, and continue the ſame until they ſhall have raiſed a ſum ſufficient to complete the public buildings and to repay all ſums borrowed or hereafter to be borrowed for that purpoſe.—They will ſell on moderate terms and will give a preference to thoſe who mean to improve. One third part of the price will be expected in hand, and the remainder in two equal annual payments, or in deferred ſtock of the United States, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſers. Information reſpecting the ſituation and prices of Lots may be had at the Commiſſioner's Office in the ſaid City, where conſtant attendance will be given.

By order,

6. w. THOMAS MUNROE.

WASHINGTON CANAL LOTTERY.

NO. I.

WHEREAS the State of Maryland has authorized us the underwritten to raiſe twenty-ſix thouſand two hundred and fifty dollars, for the purpoſe of cutting a canal through the City of Waſhington, from the Potomac to the Eaſtern Branch harbour. The following is the ſcheme of No. I.—viz.

PRIZES.		DOLLS.		DOLLS.
1	of	20.000	is	20,000
1	—	10,000	—	10,000
7 laſt drawn tickets each		5,000	are	35,000
6	of	1,000	—	6,000
10	—	400	—	4,000
20	—	100	—	2.000
55	—	50	—	2.750
5,750	—	12	—	69.000
To be raiſed for the canal				26,250
5,850 PRIZES, 11,640 BLANKS, not 2 to a prize.				175,000
17,500 Tickets, at 10 Dollars,				175,000

☞ The COMMISSIONERS have taken the Securities required by the aforeſaid act for the punctual payment of the Prizes.

The Drawing of this Lottery will commence without delay, as ſoon as the Tickets are ſold, of which timely notice will be given.

Such prizes as are not demanded in ſix months after the drawing is finiſhed, ſhall be conſidered as relinquiſhed for the benefit of the canal, and appropriated accordingly

(Signed)
NOTLEY YOUNG.
DANIEL CARROLL, of D.
LEWIS DEBLOIS.
GEORGE WALKER.
Wm. M. DUNCANSON.
THOMAS LAW.
JAMES BARRY.

☞ Tickets in the above Lottery may be had of Mr. Guy Atkinſon, Fairfax ſtreet, Alexandria.

City of Waſhington, April 23.

HARDWARE.

Joſeph Riddle & Co.

HAVE IMPORTED

In the ſhip Alexandria from Liverpool, a general aſſortment of

HARDWARE.

ALSO,

Dimities, Fuſtians, Jeans, Thickſets, Sheetings, and Iriſh Linens. 4d. 6d. 8d. 10d. 12d. and 20d. Nails and Sprigs aſſorted. Crowley Steel in half faggots. Anvils and Vices.—They have on hand, from their former importations, a great variety of DRY GOODS.—Sail-cloth, from No. 1 to 8. White Lead, Spaniſh Brown, and Yellow Ochre, dry and in oil. Nutmegs, Fig Blue, Alum, Madder, Shot, and Lead. Which they offer for ſale on the uſual credit, at their Wholeſale Warehouſe on Swift's Alley, oppoſite to Patton & Butcher's Iron Store.

May 20

SPRING GOODS.

James M. M'Crea & Co.

HAVE had an arrival at Baltimore of part of their Spring Importations, which they expect round in a few days; and the remainder are expected daily in different Veſſels from London and Liverpool. The whole will form an aſſortment of well choſen, and well bought,

SPRING GOODS.

Which they will have opened for ſale at their Store on Fairfax-Street, by the Piece or Package only, on very moderate terms for Caſh, or at the uſual Credit to punctual Cuſtomers.

April 5.

☞ A large and commodious STORE, in a good ſtand for Buſineſs, to let. Enquire as above.

BLANK BONDS

FOR SALE

AT THE PRINTING-OFFICE.

Juſt Received

A Quantity of BOHEA TEA in whole, half and quarter cheſts, freſh and of the beſt quality, imported in the ſhip John Jay, the lateſt veſſel from Canton; a few cheſts Souchong ditto.—20 caſks 10d. 12 and 20d. finiſhed wrought nails; northern rum and gin in barrels; do. prime beef in do. ſugar in do. molaſſes in hhds. two boxes mens' caſtor hats; Ruſſia ſheetings, &c. &c.

For ſale by

John G. Ladd.

June 14.

This Day will be landed

at Col. Gilpin's wharf, from on board the ſchooner Harriot, Joſeph Sandford, Maſter, from Barbados—

45 Hhds. Muſcovado Sugar; 15 barrels do. 26 puncheons Rum; 5 barrels Limes;

For ſale by

JAMES CAVAN:

Who has alſo for Sale,

Loaf Sugar in hogſheads

and barrels; Sherry Wine in quarter caſks; Turk's Iſland Salt: Spaniſh Hides of an excellent quality: Beef in barrals; Nankeens by the bundle or package; a ſmall invoice of low priced Iriſh Linens; a few elegant Franklin Stoves and Cedar Poſts.

June 10

Stone Lime in Hogſheads

FOR SALE.

R. T. HOOE & CO.

June 10, 2 m.

The Co-partnerſhip of WILLIAM ARMISTEAD and CO.

HAVING this day expired and diſſolved by mutual conſent, they requeſt all thoſe indebted to the concern at Alexandria, to make immediate payment to Wm. Armiſtead, who is duly authoriſed to pay and receive all debts due by and to the concern; and alſo, thoſe indebted to their ſtore in Prince William to make immediate payment to Joſhua Teneriſon, who will receive and diſcharge all debts due to and from that ſtore.

Wm. ARMISTEAD,
JAMES GILLIES.

June 4.

☞ The buſineſs in future will be conducted both in Alexandria and Prince William by Wm. ARMISTEAD.

A few pounds of Nutmeg;

French Brandy in pipes; Claret in boxes, five years old; Soap in boxes—For Sale on a moderate Credit, by

Francis Vivent.

April 18. t. f.

ADAM LYNN,

GOLD & SILVER SMITH, ENGRAVER, &c.

IS juſt received an Elegant Aſſorment of

Plated Ware,

Alſo a variety of Gilt and Fancy Necklaces, Neck Chains, Ear Drops, Lockets, Ladies' and Gentlemens' Gilt Watch Chains, Keys, Seals, &c. which he is now opening at his ſhop in King-Street next door to Mr. Peter Wiſe's; where he makes in the neateſt manner every article in the Gold and Silver-Smith Buſineſs.

☞ Juſt received a few handſome Silver Watches.

☞ The higheſt price for old Gold and Silver. May 6.

Potomack Company.

THE Stockholders in the additional capital of the Potomack Company are required to pay to Wm. Hartſhorne, Treaſurer ten per cent. on the amount of each ſhare by them held on or before the firſt day of July next.

JOHN FITZGERALD, Preſident
GEORGE GILPIN
JAMES KEITH
JOHN TEMPLEMAN
TOBIAS LEAR } Directors.

Alexandria, May 24.

The Columbian Mirror
AND
ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE.

LETTER
ON THE SYSTEM OF WINDS.

To the Editor of the Philadelphia Gazette.

SIR,

IN order to procure information upon a subject, which is in itself uncommon, I find myself obliged to resort to means, which to me are equally uncommon.

I have been for many years engaged in the collection of facts tending to explain the mechanism of winds on our globe. I wish to discover what are the physical causes which produce the constant variations in that ocean of air by which we are surrounded, and those rapid currents in the atmosphere which sometimes scatter destruction by sea and land. I have already developed my first ideas upon the subject in my *Travels in Syria*, vol. 1. chap. 21. and it does not appear that they have been found irrational. Now that fortune has placed me on this side the Atlantic, in a scene so distant and so different from the Mediterranean, I wish to extend my theory by multiplying the facts which relate to it: for my own part, I assign no other meaning to the word *theory* than is denoted in common language, by *experience*; and I neither know, nor wish to know anything of that art, however ingenious some persons may deem it, which consists in framing fanciful reveries upon physical subjects by our own fire sides.

But, facts of the nature which I have been mentioning, can neither be observed nor collected by a single individual. A traveller cannot transport himself from place to place with sufficient rapidity and his inquiries can only be directed by chance to persons, who often possess neither curiosity nor information upon such points. I see no mode, therefore, of gaining that information, but by becoming (if I may so express myself) a general rendezvous or depositary for all the facts, which any person may be pleased to transmit to me relating to the object of my research. And, I am the more induced to entertain hopes of much assistance, under the idea that I have not in view an idle scientific speculation, but, the pursuit of an object, which may be of essential and solid advantage to commerce and to society in general. For, if it be possible, as I am inclined to believe, to know the course of the winds over the globe; if their regularities or irregularities, the correspondence or difference in their course, can be ascertained; if for instance, when a north western wind blows over the coast of America, we were assured that another wind corresponds with its action upon the coast of England or in the Antilles—commerce and navigation might derive from such knowledge a new source of induction and bold calculation. And, as geography already teaches us what winds are either rainy or dry in each country according to the tracts or spaces over which they pass and consequently at what temperature accompanies vegetation, we should have other means of deliberating upon the state of a future harvest, and the mode of making due provision accordingly. Thus, on the coast of the Mediterranean, a long continuance of an easterly wind during the months of April and May leaves the coast of Syria dry, and waters the eastern course of Spain; consequently, we judge the harvest will be plentiful in the one country, and sparing in the other. A westerly wind produces a contrary effect. The knowledge of these aerial currents would also point out the way to regulations of the most beneficial tendency in respect to objects of policy in a nation; for, the health of a city not unfrequently depends upon a plantation of trees being so situated as to favour or intercept the course of exhalations from an adjoining marsh: and, I have collected facts, which prove that the destruction of forests, situated upon the tops of mountains or in certain spots amidst the vallies or plains, has been the cause of the ravages of winds before unknown, and of the suppression of rains, which were constantly observed in such situations before. The utility therefore, of my project cannot be questioned, and the means of carrying it into execution are not difficult. My plan comprehends two objects:—The first, to procure a concise view of the general and customary currents of air during the year; and, for this purpose it will be sufficient, if experienced persons, such as captains of vessels and coasting pilots, will have the goodness to answer the questions proposed at the end of this letter. My second object is, to determine the geographical course of the same current of air; that is, to be able to follow a given wind in a given time through the whole extent of the continent of the United States. To accomplish this, it would be necessary for me to form a line of correspondents, who should observe the winds, at certain fixed periods, in the latitudes which I should point out.—From an inspection of the map, I am led to believe, that there are three parallel and distinct regions of winds, from Newfoundland to the Antilles: One is the maritime line extending from the Alleghany and Appalachian mountains to the Atlantic; the second, along the course of the Missisippi and Ohio, from the lakes to New Orleans; and the third, following the chain of mountains extending from Georgia to Canada, which divides those two regions by a rampart from which the waters flow on different sides. Observations made in these three regions, at distances of from 150 to 300 miles respectively, would lead to the most curious results; but as this part of my plan requires long arrangements to be previously made, I at present confine myself to my first object, that is, to the investigation of the annual progression of the winds, and of those which are most predominant.

I therefore invite all persons, who feel interested in this branch of science, to lend their assistance in answering the questions herein proposed. The places, from which I more particularly request information, are Halifax, St. George's in the province of Maine, Bolton, Newport, Albany, New York, the mouth of the Delaware, Chesapeake Bay, Cape Hatteras, Charleston, the streights of Bahama, the Havanna, Pensacola, Mobile, New Orleans, the Natches, the mouth of the Ohio, Kaskaskies, Louisville in Kentucky, Pittsburg, Presqu'Isle, Niagara, Montreal, Quebec; and in the mountains, some settlements towards the Great Iron, the Bald, the sources of Yadkin and Great Kenhawa, those of Jackson's river, Shenandoah, Bedford in Pennsylvania, Lockhart's town on the Tioga, and Fort Schuyler. In order to save the trouble of transcribing the questions, it will be sufficient to affix the number to the corresponding answers. The anthors will be pleased to keep *two* copies; one of them to be kept in their own hands, the other to be sent, *free of postage*, to the Post-Office, either of Boston, Philadelphia, or Charleston. They will be so obliging also as to add the word *physics* in large characters on the outside of their letters, that the post-masters may distinguish them. They may be written in the English, French, or Spanish languages, just as agreeable. It will be sufficiently in time, if they be transmitted by the first of December, 1796, in order that I may examine and arrange my information during the winter. It is my intention to publish the result during the ensuing year.—Those persons who may be disposed to continue their observations, and to make some relative to the second object which I have pointed out, will have the goodness to inform me of their intention, and to favor me with their address, in order that I may be enabled to put every thing in a suitable train for our mutual convenience.

QUESTIONS RESPECTING THE WINDS.

1. What are the prevailing winds in each month?
2. What range or extent of territory do they embrace?
3. Have they fixed periods of duration and of return?
4. Are there diurnal sea and land breezes? and, what is their course?
4. On what side does any given wind begin to be perceived? on the side from whence it comes, or on that to which it goes?
6. What are the sensible properties of each wind: that is to say, is it dry or rainy, hot or cold, moderate or violent?
7. What is the ordinary direction of hurricanes? and in what season do they most generally appear?
8. What wind brings snow and hail and what wind melts them most rapidly?
9. What wind most generally precedes or accompanies thunder? and, by what wind is it dispersed?
10. What are the most general and most certain prognostics of the winds, which are likely to succeed that which already prevails?

These are the questions to which I solicit answers, the statements in which I could wish to be detailed with all the clearness and precision possible. Should any one have any extra facts to subjoin, which the foregoing queries do not comprise, I should be glad he would transmit them. Every communication that may tend to shed light on this subject, will be received with the most grateful acknowledgement.

C. F. VOLNEY.

* In land breezes it is remarked, that the sails of vessels nearest the shore, in other words nearest the wind, are first filled; and it might seem, that the same thing ought to obtain in the sea breeze; but it is quite the contrary; for the sails of the nearest the shore are first filled, whilst those out at sea, from whence the breeze is perceived, are not filled till afterwards.

"ACT WELL YOUR PART THERE ALL THE HONOUR LIES."

Mr. *Hopkins*, representative from Wadbury to the Gen. Assembly of this State, has submitted a bill to the House, for suppressing *Dram selling* at houses of trade. We hope the bill will obtain, under such modifications as effectually to eradicate this shameful and pernicious evil. The practice is dishonourable to the mercantile name, and a violence to the public and individuals. It saps the living from keepers of licensed houses; and affords an opportunity for sharpers, while persons are under the inebriating influences of *the spirit*, to play off their piracy, in the shape of *cheap goods* and *great bargains*. He who would support the character of a *Merchant*, must found himself on the broad basis of *Honor* and *Integrity*. The mal-conduct of many, will bring reproach upon the whole mass of Traders. Such liberties are mean and contemptable; and the good citizen and fair dealer will despise thus to invade the laws, and pick the pockets of his neighbours. That Trader who suffers his shop to become a *brothel*, and meanly sets his face against the *highest authority* to perlion the public, ought to forfeit the *Rights of a Citizen*. [N.C.P.]

GENERALS.

General Alarm produced *General War*, which brought on *General Calamity General Scarcity*, and *General Want*; providentially, these have been superceded by *General Harvest*, which will restore us to *General Plenty*, and we hope soon, *General Peace*.

BON MOT

In the neighbourhood of the metropolis there is a *chapel* with *good cellars under neath well stocked*, advertised to be let or sold. A *parson* and another gentleman passing that way a few days since, it was sarcastically observed by the latter, that concerns so well suited to each other would not long remain unoccupied. "You mistake, Sir," answered the reverend gentleman, "that which you suppose to be a recommendation to the premises, is exactly the reverse—for *few* PARSONS *like to* PREACH OVER their LIQUOR!"

The Mahometans believe that woman have no *souls*; we christians see that they have now lost their *bodies*; therefore they cannot be *human*, but must be what we always thought them—*angels*.

NOTICE.

☞ THE Creditors of JOHN HICKMAN and CO. are requested to meet the Trustees of WILLIAM HICKMAN at Mr John Abert's this Evening, at 7 o'clock, to consider some propositions which will then be submitted to them.

June 25.

NOTICE.

WE once more request those persons who have claims against the Estate of RICHARD ARRELL, deceased, to bring them forward properly proved, so that they may be adjusted; and those indebted will please to come forward and pay their respective balances, as no longer indulgence will be given.

G. JENKINS.
PH. MARSTELLER.

June 25.

LOST.

ON Sunday last a GOLD SEAL—The person who may have found it will receive a handsome reward by leaving it with the PRINTER.

June 25.

CHARLES & ANDREW JAMIESON,

Have just received, and offer for sale at their store, corner of Duke and Union Streets, by wholesale and retail,

COMMON BARLEY, in barrels and half barrels.
PEARL BARLEY, in kegs.

June 25.

JUST RECEIVED, & FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,

A few pipes and quarter casks of excellent

Red Port Wine,

Four quarter-casks of White do. do.
25 do. Malaga.
A few casks of Old Sherry.
Muscovado Sugar in barrels.
Four quarter-chests of first quality Hyson Tea.
A few hundred Bushels Stoved Liverpool Salt, to be had cheap.

JAMES PATTON,
AND
JAMES DYKES.

June 25.

A Negro Girl wanted.

ANY PERSON wishing to sell or hire out a NEGRO WENCH, may apply to the Printer.

June 25.

Patent Burr Mill Stones

MADE on an improved plan lately invented by OLIVER EVANS at his Factory in the Old Windmill in Second Street, between Walnut and Spruce Streets, Philadelphia, by which improvements the Stones are made perfectly regular and true in every respect, and balanced on their center, the great advantages of which are well known to all experienced Millers and Millwrights.

BOLTING CLOTHS

Are kept for sale by OLIVER & EVAN EVANS at the following places, viz. with John Hagerty, Baltimore, Janney & Irish, Alexandria, Thomas and Samuel Vowell, Winchester, Lovel and Urquahart, Fredericksburg, all which are warranted.—Applications for Mill Stones at said places will be duly attended to. Buckets for elivators are kept by Andrew & Robert M'Kim, Richmond, and Janney & Irish Alexandria.

June 25.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform the Citizens of Alexandria, that he has just moved to this place where he intends carrying on the BRICK MAKING, BRICK-LAYING, and PLAISTERING BUSINESS extensively. Those Gentlemen who may think proper to entrust him with their business, may rely on having the best materials, and their work executed in a neat and workman-like manner. He will furnish all materials on reasonable terms, if agreeable to his employers. Plans, with an estimate of the expences, will be drawn gratis for those who employ him to build.

NICHOLAS VOSS.

May 19.

Alexandria, June 25.

LATEST FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

IMPORTANT.

We were last evening favoured with a London Paper, the Sun of the 27th of April, containing a French official account of a complete defeat of the Austro-Sardinian army, with immense loss. The Sun, our readers should observe, is a rank ministerial paper, and would willingly extenuate if there was room.

This paper is received by the Iris at New York from Falmouth.

[Aurora,]

LONDON, APRIL 27.

We this morning received the Paris Journals to the 25th inst. inclusively. They bring the important intelligence of the re-commencement of hostilities in Italy. Two battles have been fought between the French and the United Austrian and Sardinian armies. both of which we are sorry to say, terminated in the defeat of the latter. By the message of the Executive Directory to the Council of Five Hundred it appears, that the latter victory, that of Monte-Lezino, was very decisive, the Austrians and Sardinians losing 10.500 men, with 40 pieces of cannon, ammunition waggons, colors, &c. &c,

The Executive Directory have, at length, sent an address to the armies, in which they tell them that the time is come for renewal of hostilities; and in a style of bombast well suited to their enormous pretensions, proclaim their determination to force their enemies to accept the ignominious terms of peace which they have proposed. and which they have the modesty to denominate the most just and moderate.

PARIS, APRIL 25.

The General in chief of the army in Italy, to the Executive Directory.

"*Head-Quarters at Carcare 25th Germinal.*

"The campaign in Italy has commenced. I have to give you an account of the battle of Mantenotte.

"After three days movement to deceive us, general Beaulieu attacked. with a division of ten thousand men. the right of the army supported by Voltry.

"The general Cervoni, who commanded there, having under his orders the 70th and 99th half brigades. sustained the fire with the intrepidity which characterizes the soldiers of liberty. I was not deceived with respect to the true intentions of the enemy. The instant I was informed of the circumstances of the attack on the right, I ordered General Cervoni to wait the night, and to fall back, by a forced march, and concealing his movement from the enemy, upon my centre. which was supported by the heights of Madona de Savona.

"On the 24th, at four in the morning, Beaulieu in person, with 15000 men, attacked and beat in all the positions by which the centre of the army had been supported; at an hour after mid-day he attacked the redoubt of Monte-Lenizo, which was behind the entrenchment. The enemy returned several times to the charge, but this redoubt guarded by 1500 men, was rendered impenitrable by the courage of those who defended it. The chief of the brigade Rampon, who commanded there. by one of those strokes which characterize a soul great and formed for brilliant actions made his troops in the midst of the fire, take an oath to die to a man in the redoubt.

"The enemy passed the night within pistol shot.

"During the night, general Laharpe, with all the troops of the right took post behind the redoubt of Monte Lezino. At an hour after midnight I departed with the generals Berthier and Messena, the commissioner Salicetti, and a part of the troops of the centre and the left. We moved by Altare, upon the flank and the rear of the enemy.

"On the 22d at break of day, Beaulieu, who had received a reinforcement, and Laharpe, attacked and fought with vigour and different success, when Generac Messena appeared, sowing death and terror on the flank and rear of the enemy where M. Argentea commanded: the route of the enemy was complete; two of their generals, Roccaviui and Argenteau, were badly wounded. The loss of the enemy was between three and four thousand men, of whom more than two thousand five hundred were made prisoners; a colonel, eight or ten superior officers, and several colours were taken.

"When I shall have received all the reports, and shall be less engaged, I will send you a detailed account, which may make known to you those to whom their country owes a particular acknowledgment.

"Generals, Officers and Soldiers, all supported, in this memorable affair, the glory of the French arms.

(Signed)

"BUONAPARTE."

The success of our army in Italy has not stopped here. In the sitting of the council of Five hundred of yesterday, the following message was read by the President from the executive dsrectory.

"Citizen Representatives, the fortunate battle of Montenotte, which we informed you of by our message of the 2nd of this month, was only, for the invincible army of Italy, the prelude still more brilliant—We have to day to announce to you a victory, decisive and most memorable, gained by that army at Monte Lezino over the united Piedmontese and Austrian armies.

"The enemy lost ten thousand five hundred men, of whom eight thousand were made prisoners. They lost likewise 40 pieces of cannon, with horses, mules, and ammunition waggons, 15 stand of colours, all their equipage and several magazines.

"Our troops, generals, officers, soldiers, all are covered with glory, and have shewn themselves worthy to defend the name of liberty.

"The general in Chief, Buonaparte, again directed this attack. The other generals who seconded him in the most distinguished manner, are Laharpe, Angereau, Messena, Cervoni, Cosse, Menarde, end Goubert. This last was wounded in leaping into the entrenchments of the enemy. Two generals were killed at the head of their columns performing prodigies of valour.

"The Gen. Provera, who commanded the Austro Sardinian army, was made prisoner, after having evinced the most gallant resistance, with some regiments which were taken with him.

"You will declare without doubt that the army of Italy has not ceased to deierve well of its Country."

This declaration was made upon the instant by acclamations; and the council resolved, that in two hours it should again read the message of the Directory, which should be printed, posted up, and sent to all the administrations and the armies.

NEW-YORK, JUNE 21.

LATER FROM EUROPE.

VIA BERMUDA.

Yesterday arrived at this port the brig Diana, Pratt, 7 days from Bermuda. The Editor of the New-York Gazette has been favored with Bermuda papers to the 11th inst. containing Paris accounts to the 24th. and London to the 29th of April, from which the following articles are selected:—

LONDON, APRIL 28.

A letter from Leghorn of the 2nd inst. mentions, that the Dey of Tunis had declared war against England, in consequence of Admiral Waidgrave having taken some French ships in the harbor of Tunis.

APRIL 29.

Though the advantages obtained by the French in Italy, are certainly of great importance to them, in their future operations, yet are they by no means so decisive as they are stated to be in the opposition prints, even admitting the account contained in the Eclair to be correct, which we firmly believe not to be the case. The French state the whole loss of the enemy to amount to 14,500 men, killed wounded and taken; and the opposition prints represent this loss as tantamount to an annihilation of the allied army. When our readers are told, that the army consisted of 110,000 men, and that the country which they occupy is particularly favourable to defensive operations, the folly and absurdity of such representation will be sufficiently manifest.

CAPTURE OF ST. LUCIA.

NEW-YORK, JUNE 21.

Captain Dodge, of the ship Astrea arrived yesterday, in 11 days from Martinique, confirms the accounts we gave yesterday of the capture of this island by the British; and of a large armament having proceeded immediately against Grenada and St. Vincent's Captain Dodge contradicts however, the report of the number of people put to the sword at St. Lucia as stated in our accounts from Antigua.

ST. JOHN'S (ANTIGUA) MAY 31.

The Louisa, Bridger, arrived this day from Martinique and brings the pleasing intelligence of St. Lucia having surrendered at discretion to the British arms on Thursday last. That the white people found in Morne Fortune had been shipped off the island, and the coloured people left to be disposed of as Gen Abercrombie might think proper. That five English inhabitants were found in the fort and executed, and thirty others were in the same predicament, waiting their fate. Several deserters from emigrant corps, lately arrived from England, were also there and will doubtless meet their deserts.

A considerable body of our gallant troops had embarked for Grenada, and St. Vincent, which Islands we hope and trust will, soon be in a state of tranquility, and the extreme sufferings of the unfortunate inhabitants be at an end.—The gallantry and good conduct of the different corps of militia in either of those islands is spoken of in the highest terms.

The long expected fleet under Admiral Pole, it is said, is certainty arrived at Barbadoes with six thousand troops more.

FROM THE MINERVA.

A systematic attack on the administration is begun in the Aurora, under signature of *Paulding*. Most of his ravings are contemptible. The following he has published. as the questions submitted by the president to the heads of departments, on Mr. Genet's first arrival in Philadelphia—

Question 1st. Shall a Proclamation issue for the purpose of preventing interferences of the citizens of the United States in the war between France and Great Bri- &c.? Shall it contain a declaration of neutrality or not? What shall it contain?

Question 2d. Shall a minister from the Republic of France be received?

Question 3d. If received, shall it be absolutely or with qualifications? and with qualifications, of what kind?

Question 4th. Are the United States obliged by good faith to consider the treaties heretofore made with France as applying to the present situation of the parties? May they renounce them or hold them suspended till the government of France shall be established?

Question 5th. If they have the right, is it expedient to do either—and which?

Question 6th. If they have an option, would it be a breach of neutrality to consider the treaties still in operation?

Question 7th. If the treaties are to be considered as now in operation, is the guarantee in the treaty of alliance applicable to a defensive war only, or to a war either offensive or defensive?

Question 8th. Does the war in which France is engaged appear to be offensive or defensive on her part? Or of a mixed and equivocal character?

Question 9th. If of a mixed and equivocal character, does the guarantee in any event apply to such a war?

Question 10th. What is the effect of a guarantee, such as that to be found in the treaty of alliance between the United States and France?

Question 11th. Does any article in either of the treaties prevent ships of war, other than privateers, of the powers opposed to France from coming into the ports of the United States to act as convoys to their own merchantmen? Or does it lay any other restraint upon them more than would apply to the ships of war of France?

Question 12th. Should the future regent of France send a minister to the United States, ought he to be received?

Question 13th. Is it necessary or advisable to call together the two houses of Congress with a view to the present posture of European affairs? If it is, what should be the particular objects of such a call be?

(Signed)

Go. WASHINGTON.

Philad. April 18, 1793.

[The foregoing queries are inserted in the papers, by way of criminating the president. The writer finds them pregnant with the mischievous views of administration.

The truth is, the president is no lawyer—but with that profound wisdom, prudence, and good sense that mark all his conduct, he submitted to the heads of departments, his counsellors and advisers, the foregoing questions, with a view to govern himself with discretion and good faith, in the most trying and critical juncture of public affairs.

It is a most unlucky thing for faction that all the secrets of the president's administration, so far as they may be called secrets, which are, when discovered, intended as weapons to assail the administratinn, have proved eulogies on the motives of the executive. They all serve, in public estimation, to raise the character of the president and his advisers.]

The humiliating situation our navigation is placed in, needs but little comment. It is to be hoped that Americans will not sacrifice tamely, at the shrine of foreign politics, their most valuable privileges.—It matters not from what quarter the aggression comes. If it is the interest of either, or both, of the two principal powers at war, to destress our trade, in order to weaken the resources of their opponent; or to influence our political opinions to the prejudice of that maintained by either of them, it becomes the more necessary for us to be united. This language may not suit those who attend only to partial views; but, we run no risk in pronouncing it to be the most calculated to preserve our national dignity and independence.

ASSIZE OF BREAD.

THE Three-penny Loaf to weigh 11 ounces—The price of Superfine Flour this day 54s.—56s.. A. M'CONNELL.

Theatre, Alexandria.

This Evening, June 21,
will be presented
CUMBERLAND'S CELEBRATED PLAY OF
The Shipwreck;
OR, CONSTANCY REWARDED.
AND THE FARCE OF
The Waterman;
OR, THE GARDENER'S DAUGHTER.

NOTICE.

A PETITION will be presented to the next General Assembly of Virginia, by the subscriber, for leave to establish a ferry from his land above the town of Alexandria to the city of Washington, or any part of the Maryland shore.

B. DADE.

June 2.

☞ Advertisements omitted this day will appear in our next.

FROM A LATE LONDON PAPER.

PINDARIANA.

The following Original Ode, by Peter Pindar, was written ſome months ago, but kept from the public eye, from a doubt of its being worthy of it.

The Ode was tranſmitted with the following introduction, by the Author:

"Mr. *Richard Brothers*, the prophet, *alias G— — A————'s Nephew*, having terrified us exceedingly with a moſt dreadful ſeries of future events, which he has diſcovered in the Book of Fate—and not having ſeen a certain page of that important volume, which more particularly relates to *himſelf*, his prophetic brother, P. P. ſingeth thus:"

ODE.

To Mr. Richard Brothers,
THE PROPHET.

Permit me Richard Brothers to relate,
A few odd articles, beſides, of fate;
With which thou ſeemeſt to be unacquainted,
As with ſedition, Richard, thou art fir'd
And very much with blaſphemy inſpir'd,
And pretty ſtrongly with rebellion tainted;

I muſt inform thee, there's a thing call'd jail;
There likewiſe is a thing yclep'd carr's tail.
Attended with a whip for body warning;
Viz. bodies of ſuch people as hold ſouls,
Which prudence ſeldom, the ſweet laſs controuls,
Whoſe leſſons for the proſſligate are charming.

There is a moſt ingenious thing moreover,
Embracing necks like good queen Beſs's ruff;
Call'd pillory, a cloſe and preſſing lover,
But form'd indeed, of vaſtly harder ſtuff.
There likewiſe is a hugging rogue, call'd ſtocks.
Which legs of immorality oft locks,
There's alſo an elaſtic thing, call'd rope,
Which drops beneath the ear its pretty nooſe,
Like marriages, which death alone can looſe,
A knot which puts an end to this world's hope.

RANAWAY from the ſubſcriber, living in Nanjemoy, Charles county, Maryland, early in laſt month, a likely Negro Man, named *CHARLES*, twenty ſeven years old, about five feet ten or eleven inches high, of a very black complexion, rather bow legged, he had on and took with him a ſhort ſouſide jacket and overalls of blue cotton, a blue cloth coat with yellow metal buttons, a waiſtcoat ſtriped with red and blue, a pair of white country cotton overalls, a pair of good ſhoes and a new hat, one oſnaburgh ſhirt and one do. of white linen. He was in the the neighbourhood of Alexandria, about Whitſuntide. Whoever will deliver the ſaid negro to me in Charles county, ſhall receive twelve Dollars reward, clear of all expences, or eight Dollars for lodging him in any jail and giving me notice.

JOHN ADDISON.

Nanjamoy, Charles county,
June 15th, 1796.

NOTICE.

MR. DAVID EASTON having left this place for Philadelphia, the buſineſs in future will be carried on by the ſubſcribers, who reque[illegible]ll thoſe whoſe accounts were not rendered in at his departure, to deliver them to us for final adjuſtment.

JAMES MILLER & Co.

June 21.

FOR SALE.

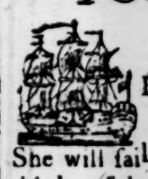
A Good Faſhionable made CHAISE, for Caſh or a Negociable Note at 60 Days. Enquire of Mr. Chas. M'Knight.

June 21.

STRAYED

FROM the Commons of Alexandria, the 21ſt ult. a RONE HORSE about fourteen hands high, with a brand on his near ſhoulder. Whoever brings the horſe to the ſubſcriber ſhall receive five dollars reward. JOHN HUNTER.

FOR LONDON,



THE SHIP
MOUNT VERNON,
FORREST RICHARDSON
MASTER.

She will ſail about the 20th inſtant, two-thirds of her Cargo being engaged. She has excellent accommodation for Paſſengers, and has room for 100 hogſheads of Tobacco at a reaſonable freight. Apply to the Maſter on board, or to

ROBERT HAMILTON.

June 4.

New Store and Cheap Ware-Houſe,

In Fairfax-Street, oppoſite Mr. George Hunter's.

JOHN DARBY & CO.

RESPECTFULLY informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of Alexandria and its Vicinity, of their having received, by the lateſt arrivals from Europe, an elegant aſſortment of FANCY and other FASHIONABLE GOODS, which they this day opened for inſpection;

CONSISTING OF

Book, Jaconet, MullMull, Tambour, Japan, and Plain Muſlin; Book and Jaconet Muſlin Aprons and Handkerchiefs: Ladies, and Gentlemens' Cravats; beautiful Muſlin Shawls; ſtriped and checked Muſlins, apron breadth; plain and fancy Dimities; ſtriped and figured Muſlinets; faſhionable Ginghams for the Ladies; Marſeilles Quilting; half yard and yard wide Maſquerade and twilled Nankeens; elegant Waiſtcoat Shapes; Callicoes and Chintzes, Iriſh Linens well aſſorted; Spring Kerſeymeres and Broad Cloths; Boys', Ladies', and Gentlemens' black and coloured Hats; with every other article in the Fancy and Haberdaſhery Line, which they are determined to ſell on the loweſt terms for Caſh.

☞ The loweſt Price marked on each article, on which no abatement will be made.

Good allowance to wholeſale dealers.

May 22.

THE COPARTNERSHIP OF

Ford, Patton & Co.

HAVING this day expired, and diſſolved by mutual conſent, they requeſt all thoſe indebted to the concern at Alexandria, to make immediate payment to Robert Patton, Jun. and Charles R. Scott, who are duly authoriſed to pay and receive all debts due by, and to the concern, and alſo thoſe indebted to their ſtore at *Port-Tobacco*, to make immediate payment to John E. Ford, who will receive and diſcharge all debts due to and from that ſtore.

JOHN E. FORD,
ROBERT PATTON, Junr
CHARLES R. SCOTT.

Alexandria, April 12.

R. Patton & C. Scott,

BEG leave to inform their friends and the Public, that they intend to be regular in their importation of DRY GOODS: and have receivedby the Ship Siſters, from London, a ſmall part of their

SPRING GOODS,

And are in hourly expectation of the remainder, by the firſt veſſels from London and Liverpool, as they were all ſhipped in February.

April 14. t.f.

ELIZAEBTH ARMSTRONG
FROM PHILADELPHIA,

RESPECTFULLY acquaints her Friends and the public, that ſhe has taken that noted Public Houſe for ſeveral years paſt occupied by Mr. Flo. Mahuoy, where ſhe purpoſes to commence and continue buſineſs in the ſame line: and if cloſe attention, a full ſupply of every requiſite of the firſt qualities, neceſſary for the comfort, pleaſure, and ſatisfaction of the citizen and the traveller, together with well furniſhed ſtable, and faithfu attendants, will entitle her to public approbation, ſhe flatters herſelf with meeting their countenance and ſupport.

She is furniſhed with an additional ſtable, and an excellent clover lot for the refreſhment of horſes.

Martinſburg, May 20.

STORE ROOM TO RENT.

THE ſubſcriber will let the STORE and CELLAR, now occupied by Meſſrs. Pomeroy and Iſabel, at the corner of King and Pitt Streets, and will give Poſſeſſion ton the 13th of June next.

JOSEPH MANDEVILLE.

May 17.

Mandeville and Jameſſon

HAVE FOR SALE

Jamaica and Windward Iſland Rum
New England do.
Holland Geneva
Cogniac Brandy
Whiſkey
Beſt White Wine Vinegar
India Arrack and French Liquers in bottles
Madeira, Sherry, Liſbon, Teneriffe, Maloga, Port, } WINES, in Pipes, Hogſheads, and Quarter-Caſks.
Claret in caſes
Hibbert's London Porter and Brown Stout
Green Coffee
Muſcovado and Loaf Sugars
Imperial, Young Hyſon, Hyſon, Hyſon Skin, Souchong, Bohea, } TEAS, of the lateſt Importations, and beſt qualities.
Nutmegs, Mace, Cloves, Caſſia, Cayenne Pepper, Ginger, Alſpice, Rice, Salt, Copperas, Madder, Spaniſh Segars, Lieper's Snuff in bottles aſſorted, Fig Blue, Muſtard in bottles, Chocolate, White and Brown Soap, Mould and Dipped Candles, Anchovies, Raiſins in kegs and boxes, Muſhroom Catſup, India Nankeens, Soal Leather, Morocco Skins, &c. &c. which they will diſpoſe of by wholeſale or retail on reaſonable terms for Caſh or at the uſual Credits.

April 30.

R. Patton and C. Scott

HAVE imported in the ſhips Adriana, via Baltimore, and Alexandria to this place, a neat collection of

GOODS,

which nearly completes their Spring Aſſortment, and are now opening for ſale, on the uſual credit, at their wholeſale ſtore in King ſtreet.

May 19.

W. J. HALL,

HAS RECEIVED,

By the Ship Sally, James Croudhijl,

Part of his Spring Goods,

And hourly expects the Arrival of the principal part.

NOW ON HAND,

Broad and Narrow Hoes,
Nails from 4*d.* to 20*d.*
Hatts by the Box.
Porter by the Caſk.
Earthen Ware.
Seine Twine,
Window Glaſs.
Grindſtones.

And ſundry articles adapted to the Seaſon. Which will be ſold at the moſt reaſonable advance *BY WHOLESALE.*

SPRING GOODS.

BY ſundry conveyances the ſubſcriber has receivcd his Spring Importation of DRY GOODS, with an aſſortment of HARDWARE, IRONMONGERY,

AND ALSO

LONDON BOTTLED PORTER.

both of the Brown, Stout, and Mild qualities in caſes hogſheads and hampers,

JOHN MANDEVILLE.

April 11th.

Thompſon and Veitch

HAVE JUST RECEIVED,

By the Jane and Eiza and the Parkman from Liverpool, and the Siſters from London,

A VERY LARGE AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

GOODS,

Suited to the Seaſon.

AMONG WHICH ARE,

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

HARDWARE,

Which are now opening at their Warehouſe in Fairfax Street, and for ſale by the Piece or Package only.

They have alſo a number of well aſſorted Crates of QUEEN'S WARE

AND

PIPES in Boxes.

FOR SALE,

A LIKELY Mulatto Girl of ſeventeen years of age, who has been brought up entirely in my houſe, and is capable of performing any kind of work requiſite in a genteel family—for terms apply to the ſubſcriber living in Prince William County.

MARY PRESCOTT.

June 18.

George Hunter and Co.

At their ſtore in Fairfax ſtreet,

Have received a freſh ſupply of GOODS ſuitable to the preſent and approaching ſeaſons, which, with their former goods, on hand make a very general aſſortment. The following are a part thereof, viz.

Superfine Cloths and Caſimeres;

plain and figured Nankeens; fancy Waiſtcoat Shapes; plain and figured Marſeilles, Dimities, and Muſlinets; plain and figured Book and Jaconet Muſlins; Humhums, Muſlin Handkerchiefs, and Shawls of every deſcription; Tamboured Cravats; Modes, Mantuas, Luſtrings, Sattins, Sarſnets, and Perſians; Mens' and Womens' Silk, Cotton, and Thread Stockings; an elegant aſſortment of Calicoes, and a beautiful variety of the moſt faſhionable Ribbands; Callico and Chintz Shawls; Linen and Cotton Pocket Handkerchiefs; Bandanno, Barcelona, and Fancy Silk Handkerchiefs; 7-8, 4-4, and 9-8 Brown and White Iriſh and German Linens; Brown and Striped Hollands; Turkey Stripe Moreens; Durants, Wildbores, Callimancoes, Bombazets, and Bombazines; Threads, Tapes, and Edgings; Fuſtians, Jeans, and Jeanets, Men's and Women's leather and ſilk Gloves, worſted and ſilk Ferretings, Men's, Women's and Boys coarſe and fine hats, mens coarſe ſhoes, & Ladies ſtuff ſhoes Shoe-buckles, Snuff and Tobacco boxes, ſhoe, horſe, ſcrubbing, ſweeping and cloth bruſhes, coat and veſt buttons, ſhaving bruſhes, Leiper's ſnuff by the bottle or ſmaller quantity, pewter ſpoons, flaſks, mugs, plates, diſhes, porengers and tea-pots, knives and forks, chiſſels, gouges, trowels, augers, gimblets, planes and plane-irons, files, ſtock locks, iron & braſs rim do. hammers ſcythes, ſpades, ſhovels, frying pans, nails and ſprigs, blue and green edged plates and diſhes, brown ſugar, apron and ſhirting check, bed ticken, blank books, fans &c.

June 9.

Notice.

THE Stockholders of the Bank of Alexandria will pleaſe to take notice that the laſt payment of 75 dollars on each ſhare of the augmented ſtock will be payable on Monday the 4th of July next, and are informed that any Bank Notes from Philadelphia to Alexandria will be taken in payment. The ſtock-holders are reminded that if they fail to make the payment, they will forfeit all the ſums before paid, for the uſe of the Bank, agreeably to law.

By order.

GURDEN CHAPIN, Caſh'r.

P. S. As the Bank will be ſhut on the 4th day of July, the ſtock-holders are requeſted to pay in their ſubſcriptions on the Saturday preceding G. C.

Alexandria, June 16.

Bank of Alexandria,

JUNE 16, 1796.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Subſcription Book is kept open at the Bank for the purpſe of receiving ſubſcriptions to the augmented ſtock, and will continue open until the whole number of ſhares are filled up. By order of the board.

GURDEN CHAPIN, Caſh'r.

N. B. Any Bank Paper from Philadelphia to Alexandria, will be taken for the money to be paid at the time of ſubſcribing.

ALEXANDER SMITH

RESPECTFULLY informs the Citizens of Alexandria, and its vicinity, that he has ſelected and intends to have always for ſale, the beſt FLOUR for family uſe.—He alſo begs leave to inform the Public in general, that he has received an addition to his former aſſortment of BOULTING CLOTHS, warranted to be of the firſt quality, which are now open and will be ſold at the moſt reduced prices for caſh, at his dwelling houſe on Fairfax Street oppoſite the public ſquare, which Houſe is now to be let and may be numbered with the firſt ſtands in Alexandria for buſineſs.—Poſſeſſion will be given the firſt of June if requeſted.

May 21. tf

THE ſubſcriber being about to embark for Europe, will diſpoſe of his

Houſehold Furniture

at auction, on Thurſday the 30th June at his houſe in Water Street.——It conſiſts of Mahogany Dining and Card Tables, Bureau Sideboards, Looking Glaſſes, Beds and Bedſteads, Pictures. Chairs, Braſs Andirons, Shovel, Tongs, &c. &c.

JOHN B. DABNEY.

June 18.

ALEXANDRIA——PRINTED, EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY, BY ELLIS PRICE, AT THE EAST END OF THE MARKET-HOUSE.